

Quiz 2

Part 1: Multiple Choice Put the letter that corresponds to the correct answer in the blank to the right.
(1 mark each)

25

- 1) If a country has a birth rate of 10.5 and a death rate of 7.2, the *natural increase rate* would be:
 - a) 17.7 / 1000
 - b) 3.3 / 1000
 - c) -3.3 / 1000
 - d) 75.6 / 1000

- 2) If a country has an immigration rate of 4.2 and an emigration rate of 8.2, the *net migration rate* would be:
 - a) 34.44 / 10000
 - b) 12.4 / 1000
 - c) -4 / 1000
 - d) 4 / 1000

- 3) If a country has a natural increase rate of 7.2 and a net migration rate of 5.1, the *population growth rate* would be:
 - a) 12.3 / 1000
 - b) 2.1 / 1000
 - c) -2.1 / 1000
 - d) 36.72 / 1000

- 4) Which of the following is *not* one of Rostow's 5 stages of economic development
 - a) Traditional Society Stage
 - b) Traditional Stage
 - c) Slow Drive Stage
 - d) High Mass Consumption Stage

- 5) The term *GDP* is a short-form for:
 - a) Great Democratic Party
 - b) Gross Democratic Product
 - c) Great Domestic Product
 - d) Gross Domestic Product

Part 2: Definitions and Short Answers Fill in the blanks with the correct definition, word or phrase.
(1 mark each)

1) Give a definition for these terms:

a) infant mortality rate: _____

b) total fertility rate : _____

c) literacy rate: _____

2) According to the *rule of 70*, if a country has a population growth rate of 10 / 1000, it's doubling time would be _____ years.

3) Define the term *urban sprawl*. _____

4) Define the term *low-density zoning*. (Do *not* use the word "density" in your answer.)

5) a) When discussion population statistics, what does the term *positive relationship* mean?

b) Give an example of a positive relationship (not necessarily from population statistics).

Part 3: Longer Answers

- 1) Describe the movement of birth rates and death rates across the 5 stages of the Demographic Transition Model and also describe the economy of a country as it moves through the model
(5 marks)

- 2) Describe 2 major differences between a neighbourhood whose layout is now considered urban sprawl and one that was built using a “new urbanism” design.
(4 marks)

- 3) What did Malthus’ Theory basically say? Name and give an example of the 2 kinds of “checks” that he suggested might help slow population growth.
(3 marks)
